bridged compounds

Q 0060

Bromo and Hydroxy Derivatives of Tetracyclo(6.3.0.04,11.05,9)undecane-2,7-dione. — Melting of the title compound (II) with its dibromo derivative 36 - 121 (I) results in disproportionation of the bromine atoms to afford the mono-

bromo derivative (III). It can be easily converted to various oxy and hydroxy derivatives. AgNO3-induced debrominations readily furnish acetals in good yields. — (PEKHK, T. I.; PETRENKO, A. E.; ALEKSANDROV, A. M.; SOROCHINSKII, A. E.; GOLOVATYI, V. G.; KUKHAR', V. P.; Zh. Org. Khim. 27 (1991) 12, 2560-2566; Inst. bioorg. khim. neftekhim. Akad. nauk Ukr. SSR, Kiev, Ukraine; RU)

III
$$\frac{\text{AgNO}_3}{\text{dioxane, H}_2\text{O}}$$
 O $\frac{1. \text{LiAlH}_4, \text{ THF, reflux (92\%)}}{2. \text{conc. HCI, reflux (63\%)}}$ HO V

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